INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR
TERM - I EXAM (2023-24)
SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS – V

SET –B

Date of Exam: 17-09-23
Time Allotted: 2 hours   **Max. Marks: 40**

(Note: This question paper consists of 3 printed pages. Please check that you have all the pages.)

Q1. Choose the correct answer: **(1 × 5 = 5)**

i. Name the primitive tribe in the Democratic Republic of Congo.

    A) Pygmies   B) Hutu   C) Maasai   D) Luba

ii. Identify the important line of latitude that has the correct matching location in

    degree (°)?

    A) Tropic of Cancer - 23 ½°S   B) Arctic Circle - 66 ½°N

    C) Tropic of Capricorn - 66 ½°S   D) Antarctic Circle - 23 ½°N

iii. The imaginary line around which the Earth rotates is _____.

    A) Greenwich   B) Axis   C) Equator   D) North Pole

iv. Identify the grasslands found in the Democratic Republic of Congo.

    A) Meadows   B) Savannah   C) Prairies   D) Pampas

v. Identify the CORRECT statements about the Equator.

> a. The Equator is the longest and most important line of latitude.
>
> b. The Equator is at 90°S.
>
> c. The lines of latitude start at the Equator.

    A) Statements a and b   B) Statements b and c

    C) Statements a and c   D) Statements a, b and c

Q2. **There are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the correct answer as per the options provided below:** **(1 × 2 = 2)**

A) Both statements Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is the correct explanation of Assertion(A).

B) Both statements Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion(A).

C) Statement Assertion(A) is true and Reason(R) is false.

D) Statements Assertion (A) is false and Reason(R) is true.

i. **Assertion(A):** Farmers practice shifting agriculture in Democratic Republic of Congo.

Reason(R): Main crops grown are cassava, maize and rice.

ii. **Assertion(A):** The colours and symbols used in the maps are universal and are called Conventional symbols.

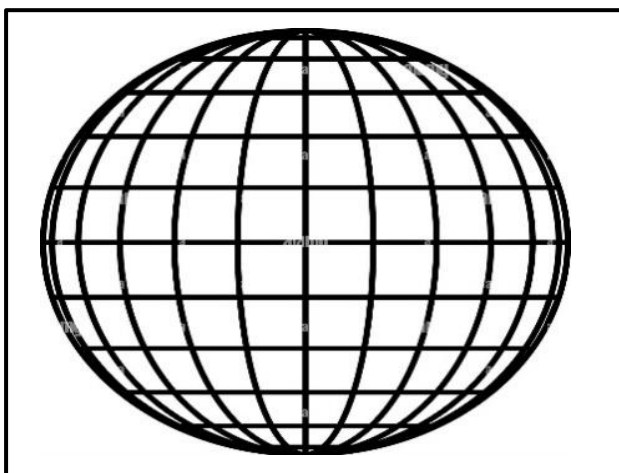**Reason(R):** Every country in the world uses the same sets of symbols and colours

Q3. **Write one word for the following:** **(1 × 3 = 3)**

i. The amount of water vapour in the air.
ii. The capital of the Democratic Republic of Congo.
iii. Complete the analogy:
   a.Mappo: Napkin:: Meridies: _____

Q4. **Define the following:** **(1 × 2 = 2)**
   i. Sketch   ii. Altitude

Q5. **Answer the following:** **(2 × 3 = 6)**

i.

a. How many longitudes are there to the east of the Prime Meridian?
b. Identify the full circles that run from east to west of the globe.

ii. Places near the coasts are neither too hot nor too cold.
   a. Which climate do we feel near the coasts?
   b. Name any two factors that influence the weather near the sea.
iii. Why the grid is provided on the globe?

Q6. Give reasons for the following: (Write any two points for each)   (2 × 2 = 4)
i. Winds affect the place they blow to.
ii. The river Congo is called the 'Highway of Central Africa'.

Q7. Answer in detail: (Write any three points for each)   (3 × 5= 15)
i. Explain the natural vegetation of the Democratic Republic of Congo.
ii. Write the advantages of a map and state one difference between political and physical map.
iii. Read the passage and answer the following questions.

Observing the daily weather is part of a regular routine for many of us. Weather changes from day to day and even from hour to hour. Similar observations of atmospheric conditions are also required by meteorologists to develop those weather forecasts with which we are all familiar. We have different climates in the different parts of the world. The climate of a place affects the plants and animals, as well as the people - their food and clothes.

a. Why are the places near the Equator hot?
b. Who is a meteorologist?
c. Differentiate between weather and climate.

iv. Draw and label the heat zones of the Earth

v. Read the passage and answer the following questions.

The Democratic Republic of Congo is the second largest rainforest after the Amazon, which is the largest rainforest in the world. The main occupation of the people is farming and mining. Cash crops such as palm oil, cocoa, coffee etc. are grown for export. It is the largest producer of cobalt.
a. Name the horse like animal found in the dense forests of the Democratic Republic of Congo.
b. Why do industries are not developed in the Democratic Republic of Congo?
c. Mention the staple food of the people in the Democratic Republic of Congo.

Q8. Mark the following places on a political map of India: (½ × 6 =3)

i. a. Tamil Nadu   b. Uttarakhand   c. Odisha   d. Maharashtra   e. Bihar   f. Goa

OR

ii. Locate any six states of India through which the Tropic of Cancer passes.